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Award Number DAMD17-99-1-9491

TITLE: Establish an in vitro model for the study of NF2 gene function

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REPORT DATE: October 2002

TYPE OF REPORT: Final

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command

Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT: Approved for Public Release;

Distribution Unlimited

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 074-0188

KEPOKI DO	COMENTATIONTA			maintaining the
data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection this burden to Washington Headquarters Services, Direction Broject (0704-0188).	torate for Information Operations and Reports, 121:	5 Jenerson Davis Highway, Suite 12	204, Annigion, VA 22	ormation, including suggestions for reducing 202-4302, and to the Office of Management
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE October 2002	3. REPORT TYPE AND Final (1 October 1999 - 30	DATES COVERI	ED .
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Establish an in vitro model for the stu	5. FUNDING NUMBER DAMD17-99-1-9491			
6. AUTHOR(S)				
Gene Hung, M.D.				
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER			
House Ear Institute Los Angeles, Californ email ghung@arenapharm.com	ia 90057-9927			
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGEN	10. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER			
U.S. Army Medical Research and Ma Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012				
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES				
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY ST Approved for Public Relea	ATEMENT se; Distribution Unlim	ited		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 Words)				
Mutation analyses of the NF2 gene fr gene product (protein known as Merl to develop a laboratory protocol to es tumor cells from patients with differe immortalizing them using a retrovirus community, but also provide scientiss important for testing therapeutic appr During the pass 12 months period, PI March, 2002. An application for gran have been submitted.	in/Schwannomin) is the primary of tablish Schwann cell culture using out NF2 gene mutations. In addition is which we engineered. This will its greater access to certain material toaches. ., Dr. Gene Hung has relocated hi	cause of this disease. We grant surgical specimens from the want to extend the not only ensure the repuls for the study of biolomself from House Ear I	ithin the three om NF2 patien he life span of p roducibility of ogic function o	years period, we plan ts, and compare the primary culture cells by results within the NF2 f Schwann cell and also na Pharmaceuticals on
14. SUBJECT TERMS Neurofibromatosis 2 (NF2), vestibular schwannomas, primary culture, growth rate,				15. NUMBER OF PAGES
Cell line	ii schwaliilomas, primary culture,	growm rate,		16. PRICE CODE
OF REPORT Unclassified			20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT Unlimited	

FOREWORD

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Introduction

In the Eight years since the NF2 gene was identified, NF2 research has been divided into four main areas: 1) Natural history; 2) NF2 gene function; 3) *In vitro* and *in vivo* models; and 4) Therapeutic intervention. Although there have been some important discoveries, we are still unable to answer key questions about what factors predict the tumor growth rate in patients, the pathogenesis of NF2, whether the current NF2 mouse knock-out model can be used to represent human NF2, and whether gene therapy is the future therapy for NF2. Most researchers feel that the lack of an *in vitro* model system has limited their research progress and development of such a model should be a high priority. The purpose of this study is to develop a NF2 gene deficient *in vitro* model that can be used to further understand NF2 gene function and to facilitate development of new treatments. In this research study, we propose to develop a primary and permanent human Schwannoma cell culture system, and with this *in vitro* model, to test the **hypothesis** that different NF2 gene mutations result in different degrees of loss in NF2 gene function and the loss in NF2 gene function directly controls the tumor growth rate."

To test the hypothesis, we propose the following **Specific Aims**:

- 1) Establish a reproducible protocol for the primary culture of human Schwann and schwannoma cells and characterize NF2 gene function by studying cytoskeleton organization and tumor cell growth rate in culture.
- 2) Immortalize one normal Schwann cell culture and two schwannoma cell cultures with different mutations and phenotypes and characterize the cell lines.

Successful completion of these aims will allow us to: 1) better understand NF2 gene function in Schwann cells at the cell and molecular level and 2) obtain a useful *in vitro* tool for screening of new therapeutic agents for NF2.

Body

STATEMENT OF WORK

Establish an in vitro model for the study of NF2 gene function.

Specific Aim 1: Establish a reproducible protocol for the primary culture of human Schwann and schwannoma cells and characterize NF2 gene function by studying cytoskeleton organization and tumor cell growth rate in culture.

Task 1: Months 1-20 Establish primary culture protocol by collecting normal

vestibular nerve tissues and schwannoma tissues and store all

cultures in liquid nitrogen at their passage 3.

Report:

Total of 32 human vestibular schwannoma tumors were banked and of these 32 tumors, 16 tumors were cultured and stored for further analysis. In addition, eighteen normal human sciatic nerves and their cultures were banked.

Specific Aim 2: Immortalize one normal Schwann cell culture and two schwannoma cell cultures with different mutations and phenotypes and characterize the

Task 1: Primary culture cell immobilization by retrovirus.

cell lines

Total of 3 schwannoma cultures derived from different NF2 patients and one normal human Schwann cell culture were immortalized.

Task 2. Characterization of the stable long term cell line.

The characterization of one immortalized human schwannoma cell line has been completed. We expect to finish the characterization of 3 other lines in next 12 months period.

Key Research Accomplishments

- Establishment of NF2 specific vestibular schwannoma primary culture bank.
- Establishment of human normal Schwann culture bank
- Partially immortalized a normal Schwann cell culture.
- Overexpression of NF2 gene able to inhibit NF2 gene mutated schwannoma cell proliferation under serum free condition

Reportable Outcomes

- Society for Neuroscience Meeting Nov. 2001 San Diego, California

Abstracts for "Overexpression of the NF2 gene inhibits schwannoma cell proliferation through promoting PDGFR degradation" will be submitted for presentation

- Establishment and characterization of a schdwannoma cell line from a patient with NF2 Manuscript Published on J of international Oncology.
- Overexpression of the NF2 gene inhibits schwannoma cell proliferation through promoting PDGFR degradation. Manuscript submitted to international J of Cancer
- Abnormal Schwann cell biology in neurofibromatosis 2-related neuropathy Manuscript submitted to Glia
- -Human primary vestibular schwannoma tissue and culture bank
- -Establish a retroviral vector transduced potential human Schwann cell line.

been applied to Army Medical Research and Materiel Command.

Conclusions

The goals of this project are to develop a methodology to establish a reliable *in vitro* system and test its credibility for the study of NF2 gene function in Schwann cells. Over the pass thirty six months of the project, we have established a standard method for culturing primary schwannoma cells and normal Schwann cells. In addition, total of 3 schwannoma cultures derived from different NF2 patients and one normal human Schwann cell culture were immortalized. Of those stable lines, one immortalized human schwannoma cell line has been completely characterized.

Due to the relocation of PI and transferring grant sponsorship, a no cost extension (12 months) has